

MATH10282: INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS
SEMESTER 2
SOLUTIONS TO QUIZ PROBLEM 2

Let $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ denote a data set from a population with mean μ . Let $\bar{x} = (x_1 + \dots + x_n) / n$. Then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^4 &= \sum_{i=1}^n [(x_i - \bar{x}) + (\bar{x} - \mu)]^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left[(x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(x_i - \bar{x})^3(\bar{x} - \mu) + 6(x_i - \bar{x})^2(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 + 4(x_i - \bar{x})(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 + (\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \right] \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3(\bar{x} - \mu) + 6 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \\
 &\quad + 4 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 + \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(\bar{x} - \mu) \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3 + 6(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \\
 &\quad + 4(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x}) + n(\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(\bar{x} - \mu) \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3 + 6(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \\
 &\quad + 4(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x} \right) \right] + n(\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(\bar{x} - \mu) \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3 + 6(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \\
 &\quad + 4(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) - (n\bar{x}) \right] + n(\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(\bar{x} - \mu) \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3 + 6(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \\
 &\quad + 4(\bar{x} - \mu)^3 \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) \right] + n(\bar{x} - \mu)^4 \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^4 + 4(\bar{x} - \mu) \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^3 + 6(\bar{x} - \mu)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 + n(\bar{x} - \mu)^4.
 \end{aligned}$$