

**LECTURE**

**19 OCTOBER**

**10:00-11:00AM**

**MATH4/68181**

## Six Cases

i)  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  IID,  $n$  fixed

ii)  $X_1, \dots, X_N$  IID,  $N$  is a RV

iii)  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  INID,  $n$  fixed

(Independent but not identically distributed)

iv)  $X_1, \dots, X_N$  INID,  $N$  RV

Level 4 & Level 6 ONLY

v)  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  dependent RVs,  $n$  fixed

vi)  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  " " ,  $N$  is a RV

Case iii  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  are INID,  $n$  fixed

$$D) S = X_1 + \dots + X_n \\ = \text{total portfolio loss}$$

The CDF of  $S$  is

$$F_S(s) = P(X_1 + \dots + X_n \leq s) \\ = \int \dots \int_{x_1 + \dots + x_n \leq s} F_n(s - x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) \prod_{j=1}^{n-1} f_j(x_j) \\ dx_{n-1} dx_{n-2} \dots dx_1$$

$$F_j(\cdot) = \text{CDF of } X_j \\ f_j(\cdot) = \text{PDF of } X_j$$

The PDF of  $S$  is

$$f_S(s) = \int \dots \int_{x_1 + \dots + x_n = s} f_n(s - x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) \prod_{j=1}^{n-1} f_j(x_j) \\ dx_{n-1} dx_{n-2} \dots dx_1$$

The  $m$ th moment of  $S$  is

$$E[S^m] = E[(X_1 + \dots + X_n)^m]$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{p_1 + \dots + p_n = m \\ p_i \geq 0}} \binom{m}{p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n} E[X_1^{p_1} X_2^{p_2} \dots X_n^{p_n}]$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{p_1 + \dots + p_n = m \\ p_i \geq 0}} \binom{m}{p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n} E[X_1^{p_1}] E[X_2^{p_2}] \dots E[X_n^{p_n}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(S) &= E(X_1 + \dots + X_n) \\ &= E(X_1) + \dots + E(X_n) \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^n E(X_j) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(S) &= \text{Var}(X_1 + \dots + X_n) \\ &= \text{Var}(X_1) + \dots + \text{Var}(X_n) \quad \text{by indep} \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^n \text{Var}(X_j) \end{aligned}$$

Ex 3

Suppose  $X_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_i^2)$   
are indep RVs.

$$\text{Let } S = X_1 + \dots + X_n.$$

Then  $S \sim N(\mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n, \sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2)$

The CDF of  $S$  is

$$F_S(s) = \Phi\left(\frac{s - (\mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n)}{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2}}\right)$$

CDF of  $N(0, 1)$

The PDF of  $S$  is

$$f_S(s) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2}} e^{-\frac{[s - (\mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n)]^2}{2(\sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2)}}$$

$$\text{Mean of } S = \mu_1 + \dots + \mu_n$$

$$\text{Variance of } S = \sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2$$

$$2) U = \max(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

The CDF of  $U$  is

$$\begin{aligned} F_U(u) &= P[\max(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq u] \\ &= P[X_1 \leq u, \dots, X_n \leq u] \\ &= P[X_1 \leq u] \dots P[X_n \leq u] \text{ by independence} \\ &= F_1(u) \dots F_n(u) \\ &= \prod_{j=1}^n F_j(u) \end{aligned}$$

The PDF of  $U$  is

$$\begin{aligned} f_U(u) &= \frac{d}{du} F_U(u) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n f_k(u) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^n F_j(u) \end{aligned}$$

PRODUCT RULE OF DIFFERENTIATION  
FOR  $n$  FUNCTION

The  $m$ th moment of  $U$  is

$$\begin{aligned} E[U^m] &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u^m f_U(u) du \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u^m f_k(u) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^n F_j(u) du \end{aligned}$$

Ex 1

$$\boxed{n=2}$$

$$F_U(u) = F_1(u) F_2(u)$$

$$f_U(u) = f_1(u) F_2(u) + F_1(u) f_2(u)$$

$$\boxed{n=3}$$

$$F_U(u) = F_1(u) F_2(u) F_3(u)$$

$$f_U(u) = f_1(u) F_2(u) F_3(u)$$

$$+ F_1(u) f_2(u) F_3(u)$$

$$+ F_2(u) F_1(u) f_3(u)$$

$$3) V = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

The CDF of  $V$  is

$$\begin{aligned} F_V(v) &= P[\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq v] \\ &= 1 - P[\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) > v] \\ &= 1 - P[X_1 > v, \dots, X_n > v] \\ &= 1 - P[X_1 > v] \cdots P[X_n > v] \text{ by independence} \\ &= 1 - (1 - P(X_1 \leq v)) \cdots (1 - P(X_n \leq v)) \\ &= 1 - (1 - F_1(v)) \cdots (1 - F_n(v)) \\ &= 1 - \prod_{j=1}^n [1 - F_j(v)] \end{aligned}$$

The PDF of  $V$  is

$$f_V(v) = \sum_{k=1}^n f_k(v) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^n [1 - F_j(v)]$$

The  $m$ th moment of  $V$  is

$$\begin{aligned} E[V^m] &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} v^m f_V(v) dv \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} v^m f_k(v) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq k}}^n [1 - F_j(v)] dv \end{aligned}$$



Ex 2

$$\boxed{n=2}$$

$$F_{\sqrt{v}}(v) = 1 - [1 - F_1(v)] [1 - F_2(v)]$$

$$= F_1(v) + F_2(v) - F_1(v) F_2(v)$$

$$f_{\sqrt{v}}(v) = f_1(v) + f_2(v) - f_1(v) F_2(v)$$

$$- F_1(v) f_2(v)$$

$$\boxed{n=3} \quad F_{\sqrt{v}}(v) = 1 - [1 - F_1(v)] [1 - F_2(v)] [1 - F_3(v)]$$

$$= F_1(v) + F_2(v) + F_3(v)$$

$$- F_1(v) F_2(v) - F_1(v) F_3(v) - F_2(v) F_3(v)$$

$$+ F_1(v) F_2(v) F_3(v)$$

$$f_{\sqrt{v}}(v) = f_1(v) + f_2(v) + f_3(v)$$

$$- f_1(v) F_2(v) - F_1(v) f_2(v)$$

$$- f_1(v) F_3(v) - F_1(v) f_3(v)$$

$$- f_2(v) F_3(v) - F_2(v) f_3(v)$$

$$+ f_1(v) F_2(v) F_3(v)$$

$$+ F_1(v) f_2(v) F_3(v)$$

$$+ F_1(v) F_2(v) f_3(v).$$

Case iv  $X_1, \dots, X_N$  are IID,  $N$  is a RV independent of  $X_1, X_2, \dots$

1)  $S = X_1 + \dots + X_N$

The CDF of  $S$  is

$$F_S(s) = P[X_1 + \dots + X_N \leq s]$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P[X_1 + \dots + X_N \leq s | N=n] P(N=n)$$

Total Probability Rule

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \int \dots \int_{x_1 + \dots + x_n \leq s} F_n(s - x_1 - \dots - x_{n-1}) \prod_{j=1}^{n-1} f_j(x_j) dx_{n-1} dx_{n-2} \dots dx_1 \right] P(N=n)$$

The PDF of  $S$  is

$$f_S(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \int \dots \int_{x_1 + \dots + x_n = s} f_n(s - x_1 - \dots - x_{n-1}) \prod_{j=1}^{n-1} f_j(x_j) dx_{n-1} dx_{n-2} \dots dx_1 \right] P(N=n)$$

The  $m$ th moment of  $S$  is

$$E[S^m] = E[(X_1 + \dots + X_N)^m]$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} E[(X_1 + \dots + X_N)^m | N=n] P(N=n)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{\substack{\uparrow \\ p_1 + \dots + p_n = m}} \binom{m}{p_1 p_2 \dots p_n} E[X_1^{p_1}] \dots E[X_n^{p_n}] P(N=n)$$

The mean of  $S$  is

$$\begin{aligned} E[S] &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} E[S|N=n] P(N=n) \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^n E(X_j) \right] P(N=n) \end{aligned}$$

The variance of  $S$  is

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}[S] &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{Var}[S|N=n] P(N=n) \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^n \text{Var}(X_j) \right] P(N=n) \end{aligned}$$