

EXAMPLE CLASS

27 NOVEMBER

16:00-17:00PM

MATH3/4/68181

Q1

λ = stock returns

$$X | \lambda \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

$$\lambda \sim \text{Exp}(a)$$

$$f_X(x) = \int_0^{\infty} f_{X|\lambda}(x|\lambda) f(\lambda) d\lambda$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} a e^{-\lambda a} d\lambda$$

$$= a \int_0^{\infty} \lambda e^{-\lambda(x+a)} d\lambda$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Set } y &= \lambda(x+a) \\ \Rightarrow \lambda &= \frac{y}{x+a} \\ \Rightarrow d\lambda &= \frac{dy}{x+a} \end{aligned}$$

$$= a \int_0^{\infty} \frac{y}{x+a} e^{-y} \frac{dy}{x+a}$$

$$= \frac{a}{(x+a)^2} \int_0^{\infty} y e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \frac{a}{(x+a)^2} \Gamma(2) = \frac{a}{(x+a)^2} \cdot 1$$

Q2

$X =$ stock returns

$X|\lambda \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$

$\lambda \sim \text{Uni}[a, b]$

$$f_X(x) = \int_a^b \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \frac{1}{b-a} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b \lambda e^{-\lambda x} d\lambda$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \left\{ \left[\lambda \frac{e^{-\lambda x}}{(-x)} \right]_a^b + \frac{1}{x} \int_a^b e^{-\lambda x} d\lambda \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \left\{ \frac{b e^{-bx} - a e^{-ax}}{(-x)} + \frac{1}{x} \left[\frac{e^{-\lambda x}}{(-x)} \right]_a^b \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \left\{ \frac{b e^{-bx} - a e^{-ax}}{(-x)} - \frac{e^{-bx} - e^{-ax}}{x^2} \right\}$$

Q3

$$X | \lambda \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

λ has PDF $a\lambda^{a-1}$, $0 < \lambda < 1$

$$\begin{aligned} f_X(x) &= \int_0^1 \lambda e^{-\lambda x} a\lambda^{a-1} d\lambda \\ &= a \int_0^1 \lambda^a e^{-\lambda x} d\lambda \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Set } y = \lambda x \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow d\lambda = \frac{dy}{x}}$$

$$= a \int_0^x \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^a e^{-y} \frac{dy}{x}$$

$$= \frac{a}{x^{a+1}} \int_0^x y^a e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \frac{a}{x^{a+1}} \gamma(a+1, x)$$

$$\gamma(a, x) = \int_0^x t^{a-1} e^{-t} dt$$

(Upper) Incomplete gamma function

Q4

$$X|\lambda \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$$

$$\lambda \text{ has PDF } \frac{a k^a}{\lambda^{a+1}}, \lambda > k$$

$$f_X(x) = \int_k^\infty \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \frac{a k^a}{\lambda^{a+1}} d\lambda$$

$$= a k^a \int_k^\infty \frac{1}{\lambda^a} e^{-\lambda x} d\lambda$$

$$\boxed{\text{Set } y = \lambda x \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow d\lambda = \frac{dy}{x}}$$

$$= a k^a \int_{kx}^\infty \frac{x^a}{y^a} e^{-y} \frac{dy}{x}$$

$$= a k^a x^{a-1} \int_{kx}^\infty y^{-a} e^{-y} dy$$

$$= a k^a x^{a-1} \Gamma(1-a, kx)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma(a, x) = \int_x^\infty t^{a-1} e^{-t} dt}$$

Lower incomplete gamma function