

**MATH4/68181: Extreme values and financial risk**  
**Semester 1**  
**Problem sheet for Week 6 and Week 7**

Suppose  $X$  is a random variable representing a financial loss. Find expressions for Value at Risk and Expected Shortfall if  $X$  has the following distributions:

1. the exponential distribution given by the cdf  $F(x) = 1 - \exp(-\lambda x)$ ,  $x > 0$ .
2. the power function distribution given by the cdf  $F(x) = x^a$ ,  $0 < x < 1$ .
3. the uniform $[a, b]$  distribution.
4. the Pareto distribution given by the cdf  $1 - (K/x)^a$ ,  $x > K$ .
5. the standard normal distribution.
6. the log-logistic distribution  $\left[1 + (x/a)^{-b}\right]^{-1}$ ,  $x > 0$ .
7. the Lomax distribution given by the cdf  $1 - \left(1 + \frac{x}{\lambda}\right)^{-\alpha}$ ,  $x > 0$ .
8. the Fréchet distribution given by the cdf  $\exp\left\{-\left(\frac{\sigma}{x}\right)^\alpha\right\}$ ,  $x > 0$ .
9. the Weibull distribution given by the cdf  $1 - \exp\left\{-\left(\frac{x}{\sigma}\right)^\alpha\right\}$ ,  $x > 0$ .
10. the generalized Pareto distribution given by the cdf  $1 - \left(1 - \frac{cx}{k}\right)^{1/c}$ ,  $x > 0$ .
11. the Tukey Lambda distribution given by the quantile function  $\frac{p^\lambda - (1-p)^\lambda}{\lambda}$ .
12. the generalized Lambda distribution given by the quantile function  $\frac{p^\beta - (1-p)^\gamma}{\delta}$ .
13. Hankin and Lee's distribution given by the quantile function  $\frac{Cp^\alpha}{(1-p)^\beta}$ .