

**MATH4/68181: Extreme values and financial risk**  
**Semester 1**  
**Problem sheet for Week 11**

1) For the standard generalized extreme value (GEV) distribution given by the cdf

$$F(x) = \exp \left\{ -(1 + \xi x)^{-1/\xi} \right\}$$

(where  $1 + \xi x > 0$ ), derive the following:

- (a) the pdf,
- (b) the  $n$ th moment,
- (c) the mean,
- (d) the variance.

2) For the standard generalized Pareto (GP) distribution given by the cdf

$$F(x) = 1 - (1 + \xi x)^{-1/\xi}$$

(where  $x \geq 0$  if  $\xi \geq 0$  and  $0 < x < -1/\xi$  if  $\xi < 0$ ), derive the following:

- (a) the pdf,
- (b) the  $n$ th moment,
- (c) the mean,
- (d) the variance.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Q1 (a) PDF } f(x) &= \frac{dF(x)}{dx} \\ &= (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\xi} - 1} e^{-(1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\xi}}} \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $n$ th moment

$$E(X^n) = \int x^n f(x) dx$$

$$\boxed{\xi > 0} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\xi} < x < \infty$$

$$= \int_{-\frac{1}{\xi}}^{\infty} x^n (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\xi} - 1} e^{-(1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\xi}}} dx$$

$$\text{Set } y = (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\xi}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \xi x = y^{-\xi}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{y^{-\xi} - 1}{\xi}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dy} = -y^{-\xi - 1}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{\xi} \Rightarrow y = \infty$$

$$x = \infty \Rightarrow y = 0$$

$$= \int_{\infty}^0 \left( \frac{y^{-\xi} - 1}{\xi} \right)^n (y^{-\xi})^{-\frac{1}{\xi} - 1} e^{-y} (y^{-\xi})^{-1} dy$$

$$= \xi^{-n} \int_0^{\infty} (y^{-\xi} - 1)^n e^{-y} dy$$

$$(b+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^k b^{n-k}$$

$$= \lambda^{-n} \int_0^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k (y^{-\lambda})^{n-k} e^{-y} dy$$

$$= \lambda^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k \int_0^{\infty} y^{-\lambda(n-k)} e^{-y} dy$$

$$\Gamma(a) = \int_0^{\infty} t^{a-1} e^{-t} dt$$

$$= \lambda^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k \Gamma(1 - \lambda(n-k)).$$

$$\boxed{\lambda < 0} \Rightarrow -\infty < x < -\frac{1}{\lambda}$$

Similar calculations show that

$$E(X^n) = \lambda^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k \Gamma(1 - \lambda(n-k))$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 0}$$

$$\text{CDF } F(x) = e^{-e^{-x}}$$

$$\text{PDF } f(x) = e^{-x} e^{-e^{-x}}$$

$$E(X^n) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^n e^{-x} e^{-e^{-x}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Set } y &= e^{-x} \\ \Rightarrow x &= -\log y \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dy} &= -\frac{1}{y} \\ x = -\infty &\Rightarrow y = \infty \\ x = \infty &\Rightarrow y = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_{\infty}^0 (-\log y)^n y e^{-y} \left(-\frac{1}{y}\right) dy$$

$$= (-1)^n \int_0^{\infty} (\log y)^n e^{-y} dy$$

$$\boxed{(\log y)^n = \frac{d^n}{da^n} y^a \Big|_{a=0}}$$

$$= (-1)^n \int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{d^n}{da^n} y^a \Big|_{a=0} \right) e^{-y} dy$$

$$= (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{da^n} \left[ \int_0^{\infty} y^a e^{-y} dy \right] \Big|_{a=0}$$

$$= (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{da^n} \Gamma(a+1) \Big|_{a=0}$$

$$E(X^n) = \begin{cases} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^k \Gamma(1 - \xi(n-k)) & \text{if } \xi \neq 0 \\ (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{da^n} \Gamma(a+1) \Big|_{a=0} & \text{if } \xi = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(c) E(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\xi} [\Gamma(1-\xi) - 1] & \text{if } \xi \neq 0 \\ -\Gamma'(1) & \text{if } \xi = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(d) \text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\xi^2} [\pi(1-2\xi) - 2\pi(1-\xi) + 1] - \frac{1}{\xi^2} [\pi(1-\xi) - 1]^2 & \text{if } \xi \neq 0 \\ \pi''(1) - [\pi'(1)]^2 & \text{if } \xi = 0 \end{cases}$$

Q2  $F(x) = 1 - (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\alpha}}$

(a) PDF  $f(x) = \frac{dF(x)}{dx} = (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1}$

(b)  $n^{\text{th}}$  moment

$= E(X^n) = \int x^n f(x) dx$

$\xi > 0 \Rightarrow 0 < x < \infty$

$= \int_0^{\infty} x^n (1 + \xi x)^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1} dx$

Set  $y = 1 + \xi x$   
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{y-1}{\xi}$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{1}{\xi}$   
 $x=0 \Rightarrow y=1$   
 $x=\infty \Rightarrow y=\infty$

$= \int_1^{\infty} \left(\frac{y-1}{\xi}\right)^n y^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1} \frac{dy}{\xi}$

$= \xi^{-n-1} \int_1^{\infty} (y-1)^n y^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1} dy$

$= \xi^{-n-1} \int_1^{\infty} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} y^k (-1)^{n-k} \right] y^{-\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1} dy$

$= \xi^{-n-1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^{n-k} \int_1^{\infty} y^{k - \frac{1}{\alpha} - 1} dy$

$$= \omega^{-n-1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^{n-k} \left[ \frac{y^{k-\frac{1}{\omega}}}{k-\frac{1}{\omega}} \right]_1^{\infty}$$

$$= \omega^{-n-1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^{n-k} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega} - k}$$

$$\boxed{\omega < 0} \Rightarrow 0 < x < -\frac{1}{\omega}$$

$$E(X^n) = \int_0^{-\frac{1}{\omega}} x^n (1 + \omega x)^{-\frac{1}{\omega} - 1} dx$$

$$= \omega^{-n-1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} (-1)^{n-k} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega} - k}$$

$$\boxed{\omega = 0}$$

CDF  $F(x) = 1 - e^{-x}$   
 PDF  $f(x) = e^{-x}$   
 $0 < x < \infty$

$$E(X^n) = \int_0^{\infty} x^n e^{-x} dx$$

$$= \Gamma(n+1)$$

$$= n!$$

$$E(X^n) = \begin{cases} -\omega^{-n-1} \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} \frac{(-1)^{n-k}}{\frac{1}{\omega} - k} & \text{if } \omega \neq 0 \\ n! & \text{if } \omega = 0 \end{cases}$$

(c)

$$E(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1-\xi} & \text{if } \xi \neq 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } \xi = 0 \end{cases}$$

(d)  $\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\xi^2} - \frac{2}{\xi(1-\xi)} + \frac{1}{\xi(1-2\xi)} - \left(\frac{1}{1-\xi}\right)^2 & \text{if } \xi \neq 0 \\ 2 - 1^2 = 1 & \text{if } \xi = 0 \end{cases}$$