

## Case 4 of Portfolio Theory

[  $X_1, \dots, X_N$  are IID &  $N$  is a RV independent  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  ]

a) The CDF of  $S'$  is

$$F_{S'}(s) = P(S' \leq s)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P(S' \leq s | N=n) P(N=n)$$

Total Prob Rule

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \int_{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \leq s} \prod_{i=1}^n f_{X_i}(x_i) dx_n \dots dx_1 \right] P(N=n)$$

Case 3

The PDF of  $S'$  is

$$f_{S'}(s) = \frac{d}{ds} F_{S'}(s).$$

b) The CDF of  $U$  is

$$F_U(u) = P(U \leq u)$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{=}}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P(U \leq u | N=n) P(N=n)$$

← Total Prob Rule

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 1 - \prod_{i=1}^n [1 - F_{X_i}(u)] \right\} P(N=n)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P(N=n) - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{i=1}^n [1 - F_{X_i}(u)] P(N=n)$$

$$= 1 - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \prod_{i=1}^n [1 - F_{X_i}(u)] P(N=n)$$

The PDF of  $U$  is

$$f_U(u) \stackrel{\textcircled{=}}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f_{X_i}(u) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n [1 - F_{X_j}(u)] P(N=n)$$

← Product Rule

c) The CDF of  $V$  is

$$F_V(v) = P(V \leq v)$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{=}}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} P(V \leq v | N=n) P(N=n)$$

← Total Prob Rule

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{=}}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \prod_{i=1}^n F_{X_i}(v) \right] P(N=n)$$

← Case 3

The PDF of  $V$  is

$$f_V(v) = \frac{d}{dv} F_V(v)$$

$$\stackrel{\textcircled{=}}{=} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} f_{X_i}(v) \prod_{\substack{j=1 \\ j \neq i}}^n F_{X_j}(v) \right] P(N=n)$$

← Product Rule